



3 Years of "non stop" operation



http://www.onoeme.org



ON7UN Eddy Jespers





•What or who is ONoEME 1296mhz EME beacon •What "went OK"

•What "went wrong"





The idea:

•After a meeting in Sweden April 2011









The idea:

- •After a meeting in Sweden April 2011
- A possible way to improve activity
- Challenge to buildanautomatic station
- A standard in frequency, amplitude and timing





•Using VK₃UM simulation software we came to the conclusion that we need :

- a 3,7m diameter solid dish
- a good constructed feedhorn
- a transmit power of 400 watt or more
- Should give an audible loudspeaker copy on a 2,4m dish with reasonable LNA





- •We want to be accurate in frequency so need to ref. Lock the LO to a GPSDO
- •The beacon must start transmitting at the start of each minute.
- The beacon should have a very stable output power, so the beacon can be used to check moon reflection conditions
- The antenna must track the moon accurately
- We need to have a monitoring and control system





•We need to find a location with good moon window at both low and high declinations

• The location need to be safe

• The air cooling will make some noise

• An industrial area is prefered where we have less zoning issues and where some noise would be no problem.





• We applied the Belgian authorities for a license for a high power unmanned station

• The frequency needs to be "in band", prefered 1296.000 Mhz (reference frequency)

• After 3 months we received our license



LICENSE:

	KON	INKRIJK	BEL	.GIE		
ΙΡΤ						
Ministerieel Besluit v	olgens de voorwaarden van de wet van van 9 januari 2001, alsook volgens de t te installeren en te laten werken zonde	ierna vermelde vo	oninklijk I orwaarde	Besluit van n, de toesti	15 oktober 1979 en he mming om volgend	
Club: UBA						
Rue de la P						
1000 Bru:						
Station: ON0EME		Vergunningsnummer: 500002353				
	Coördinaten: 4 * 48 ' 45 " E					
	51 * 15 * 4 " N					
Opst/	ellingsplaats: Achterstenhoek, 32					
	2275 Lille					
Hoogte boven ze	eniveau (m): 15					
P: Maximaal toege G: Antennewinst (ndfrequentie (MHz) estaan vermogen aan de uitgang van d dBi) boven de grond (centraal punt, m)	e versterker (W)				
F:	Type:	P:	G:	H:	Verbinding met	
1296.000	EME BEACOM	200	30	4		
Technisch verantw	oordelijke:	Vervangend	verantwo	oordelijke:		
ON7UN JESPERS Eddy Zanddijk 67 2480 Dessel		CRAUV Wavers	ON4BCB CRAUWELS Walter Waversesteenweg 210 2500 Lier			
2480 Dessel	014/37.22.97		03/488.34.81 0477/38 11 71			



Opmerking: - Toelating Internet, - De zender mag enkel werken bij antenne-elevatie dan 14 graden, - Maximale brandbreedte (-3dB) is 500 Hz. Opgemaakt te Brussel, 3/11/2011 In naam van de Voorzitter van de Raad van het BIPT, de bevoegde ambtenaar,

AP Philippe Appeldoom Eerste Ingenieur-Adviseur

 Belgisch Instituut voor postdiensten en telecommunicatie

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 Kaning Altert II-laan 35
 1030 Brussel
 Tel.: 02-226 88 88
 Fax: 02-225 88 77

 Inter//www.higt.be
 Kaning Altert II-laan 35
 Inter//www.higt.be
 Tel.: 02-226 88 88
 Fax: 02-225 88 77





• a German made antenna from RFS with a very heavy fixed AZ-EL mount was available









• A conical bearing was made on the top part







• All parts get together









• A very heavy duty gearbox on top of the mount to turn the upper part against the fixed mount

ONOEME EMEBEACON







• To guide the heavy top, a construction with 6 wheels where added







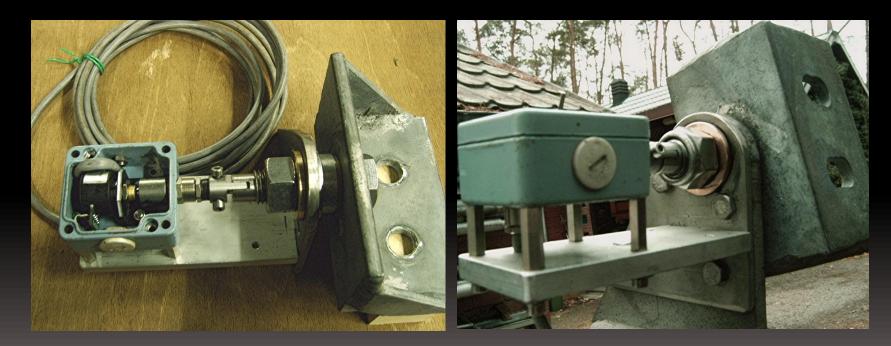
• A very heavy duty ball screw stainless steel 50" actuator was used for elevation







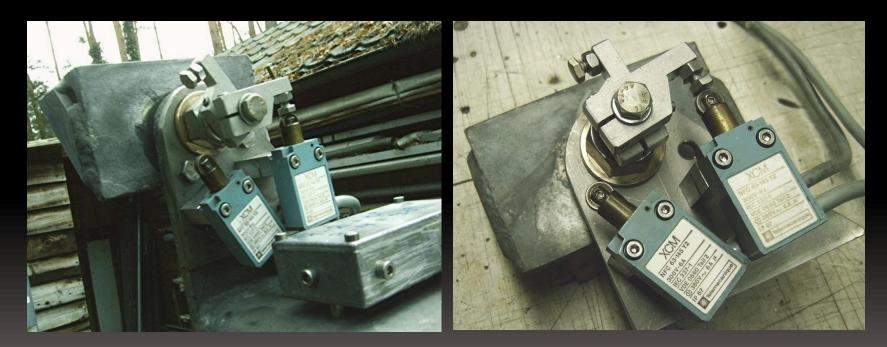
• Fixing of the elevation encoder







• The elevation limit switches







• The elevation actuator pushes the antenna up at the lowest connection point of the antenna







• An OM6AA designed round septum polarizer with a super VE4MA choke ring for F/D 0.375







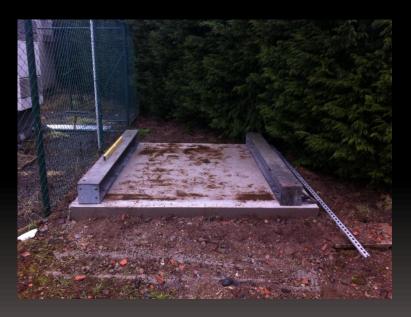
• First sunnoise test







• We made a concrete slap and made a construction of H beams









• We decided to mount the antenna on a 10' sea container







• Moving the antenna to the 10" container









• The container was mounted on two H beams









• A ref locked DB6NTV3 exciter was used



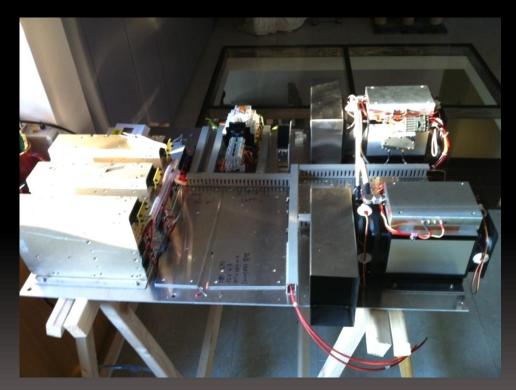


• The M57762 as driver amplifier



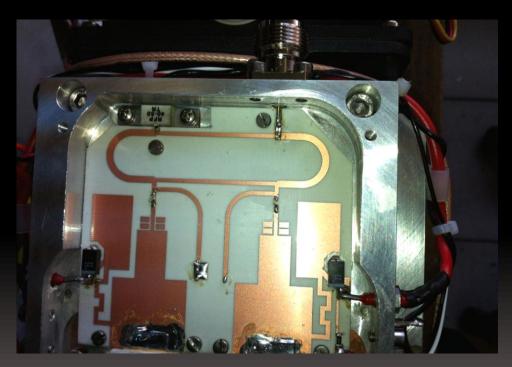
THE FINAL AMPLIFIERS:

• 2 X PE1RKI SSPA 250W



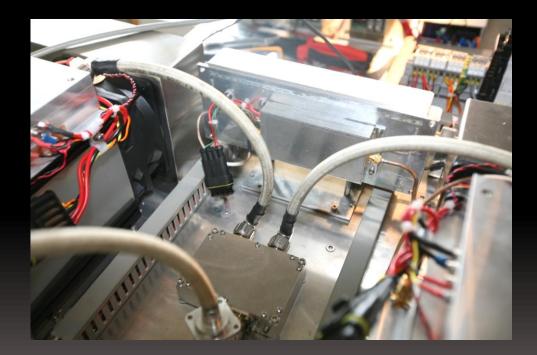
THE FINAL AMPLIFIERS:

• 2 x PE1RKI SSPA 250W



THE FINAL AMPLIFIERS:

• 90° Hybrid combiner





•Astec switched psu 2 X 28V each @ 15A each





• 89C51ED2 OE5JFL based tracker

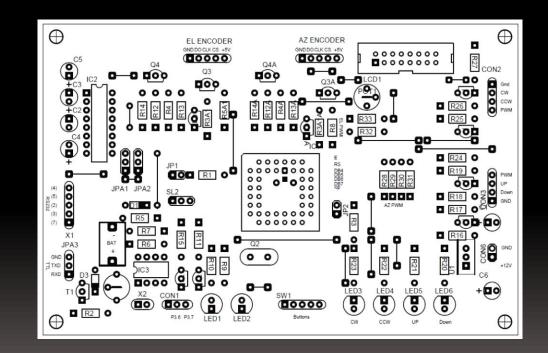






- Moon or sun tracking, stow or maintenance
- •Time, date, position updated by GPS time
- Beacon keyer GPS timed
- Indication when moon above horizon
- Indication when moon above 10° elevation
- Motors controlled by PWM

• 89C51ED2 OE5JFL tracker

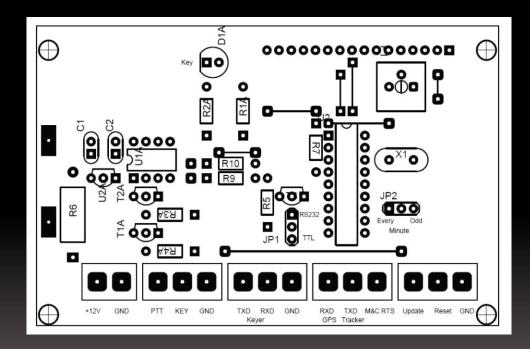


• Using 12bit absolute encoders

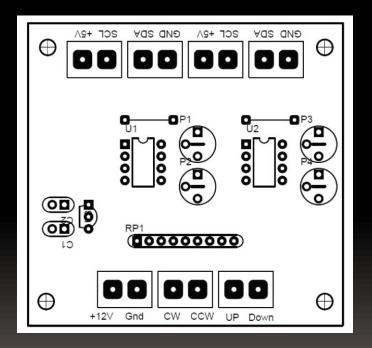




• Beacon Keyer G4JNT

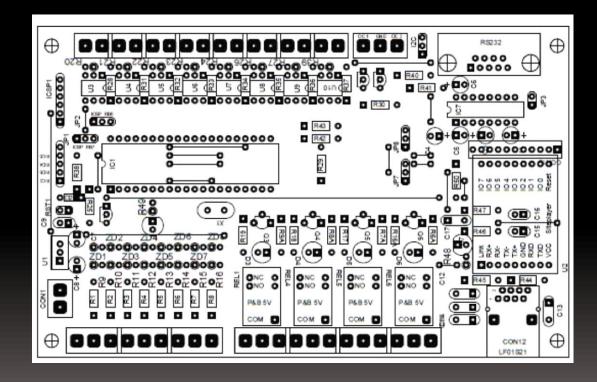


• DC Motor controller & H-bridges





Universal M&C board based on 18F45K22



• Universal M&C board based on 18F45K22





- Universal M&C board based on 18F45K22
- 8 opto isolated inputs
- 4 relais
- 12 x 10bit analog to digital converters
- 4 xTTL outputs
- 2 UART's (Rs232 ports)
- Embedded webserver
- I2C bus for expantion



ON 0 EME EME BEACON 1296.000 MHz

Status Control

Main parameters				
Beacon operational				
Moon above horizon	•			
Allowed TX (10deg)	•			
PTT (TX)	•			
Azimuth Antenna	256.3 °			
Elevation Antenna	22.2 °			
Azimuth Moon	256.6 °			
Elevation Moon	22.0 °			



EME Beacon Admin

Click HERE for WW User window

Moon parameters		Beacon parameters	
Az Moon	256.8	Beacon Status	0
El Moon	21.7	GPS 3D fix	
Az Antenna	256.8	PTT status	•
El Antenna	22.1	PTT beacon enabled	•
Offset Az	0	PTT (bias) enable	
Offset El	0	Key (cw) enabled	0
Doppler	-190	Key (cw) enable	
Above Horizon	-	Every/Odd Minute key	0
Above 10 degrees		Every/Odd Minute key switch	



Tx & PA parameters		Tracking parameters	
PA1 Temp alarm		Offset Az	0
PA1 Temp	291.67	Offset EL	0
PA2 Temp alarm		Step	0004
PA2 Temp	295.10	Az 1	1400
PA1a VCC	27.77	El 1	0400
PA1b VCC	27.72	Az 2	1400
PA2a VCC	27.50	El 2	0400
PA2b VCC	27.77	Track Moon (0)	
Forward power	508.12	Track Sun (1)	
Reflected power	38.47	Goto maintenance position (2)	
VCC 12V	11.94	Enable/disable tracking	0001
PTT		Enable/disable Tracking (Toggle)	-





All equipment is outdoor mounted at the backstructure of the antenna













- No problems to the AZ and EL systems.
- Modified OE5JFL worked perfect







• The beacon was operational during high wind storms, snow, ice, we never had to stow the antenna due to mechanical problems or revere conditions from the elements.









• Exciter and driver amplifier , no problems worked perfectly over the years







• Power supplies , no failure on any of the 28 or 12 VDC power supplies





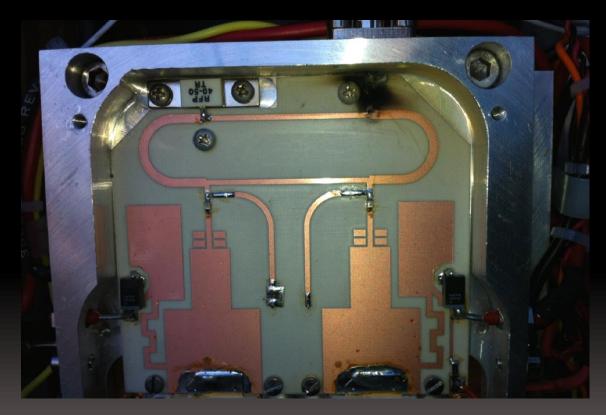


• no problems to the feedhorn etc...





• Ham radio use is not equal to heavy duty cycle









• Ham radio use is not equal to heavy duty cycle





- output couplers burning out
- output connectors burning off the PCB
- output FET's Drain coming loose off the pcb



• output couplers burning out





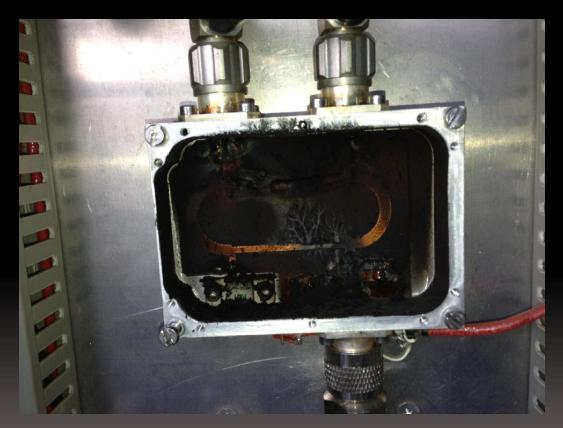
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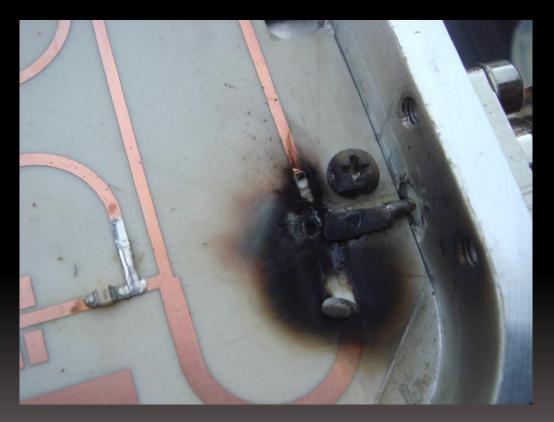


• output couplers burning out





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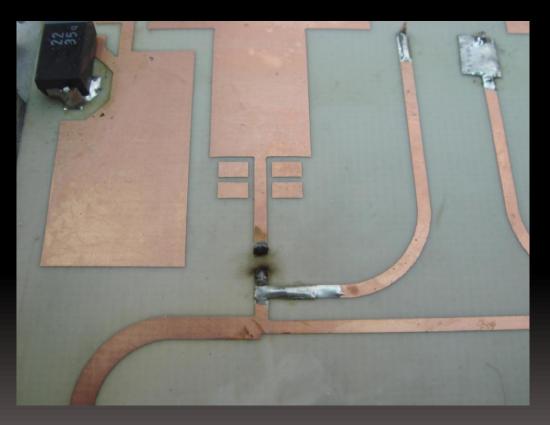


• output connectors burning off the PCB





• ATC100A burned out







•Fet burned out

• output FET's Drain coming loose off the pcb





•Fet burned out

• output FET's Drain coming loose off the pcb



•Cure :

- First rogers 4003 in the output couplers being replaced by 5880 in 2 OZ copper.
- Total output board being replace by Rogers 5880
- 2 OZ copper
- Different solder has been applied to solder the different components in the output circuits
- Lowered the power to 400 watt of output power and limited the current draw to max 10 amps per device.



- We replaced the output coupler by an air 90° hybrid coupler
- We installed an external directional coupler







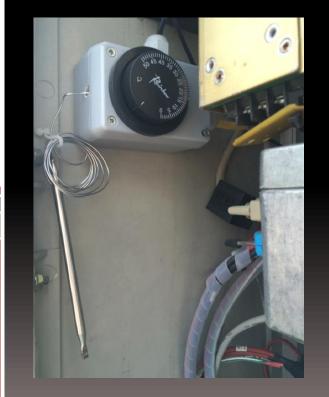
•Found some humidity under the PCB's of the PA's after failures.

• decided to leave bias on during winter time so each device draws around 2 amps during idle time and when no moon present.





• Decided to install a heating in the beacon box to keep the minimum temperature to +15°C, a 50 watt temperature controlled heater is installed.







•The FAN circulation air through the beacon box has been temperature controlled and stops circulation cold and humid air when temperature is below 20°C

• The FAN's cooling the heatsinkget temperature control so the FAN's keep circulating air when the heatsink temperature is above 30°



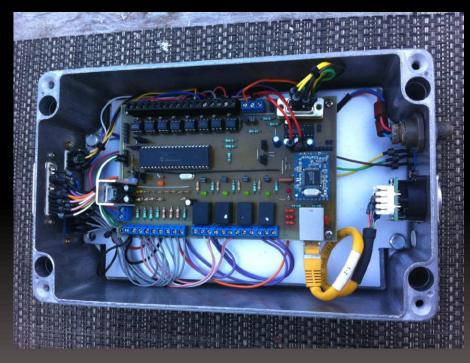


- Beacon Website failure
- The embedded webserver "hangs"
- Due to RF ? From our self or GSM ?
- or Denial-of-serviceattackDdoson port 8o?
- Bugs in the firmware/software ?



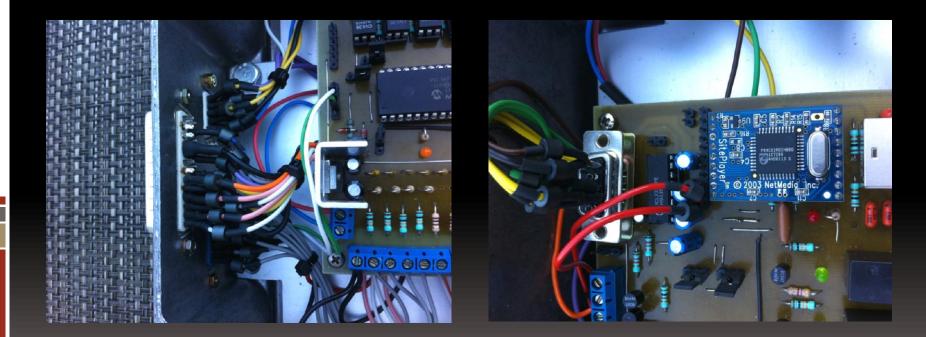


• Build a complete new beacon controller with serious decoupling:





• Build a complete new beacon controller with serious decoupling:







• We installed a "firewall" in front of the VDSL modem, to prevent attacks on port 21,22,23 & 80







- ONoEME has been on air since March 31st 2012
- It has been in daily operation since, and is now stable after some difficulties in the start-up period
- Reception reports have been received from stations with dishes as small as 135 cm.





- ONoEME tracked: 1060Moon passes
- ONoEME transmitted: 380.000 min of CW
- ONoEME transmitted:250.000 min of pure carrier
- ONoEME consummed:10.400kW/h electric power











•Hannes **OE5JFL** for his support, his tracking hardware, which is still the 'stand alone reference' in tracking hardware

•*Marc* **ON5OT**, for all help in the mechanical construction, for the ideas on the drives and motors. Marc was responsible for the complete mechanics of this beacon

•*Luc* **ON3LNL** for the software development and debugging of the M&C

• Our sponsor (who would like to stay anonymous) for the use of his site and electrical power. **ONOEME** EMEBEACON

